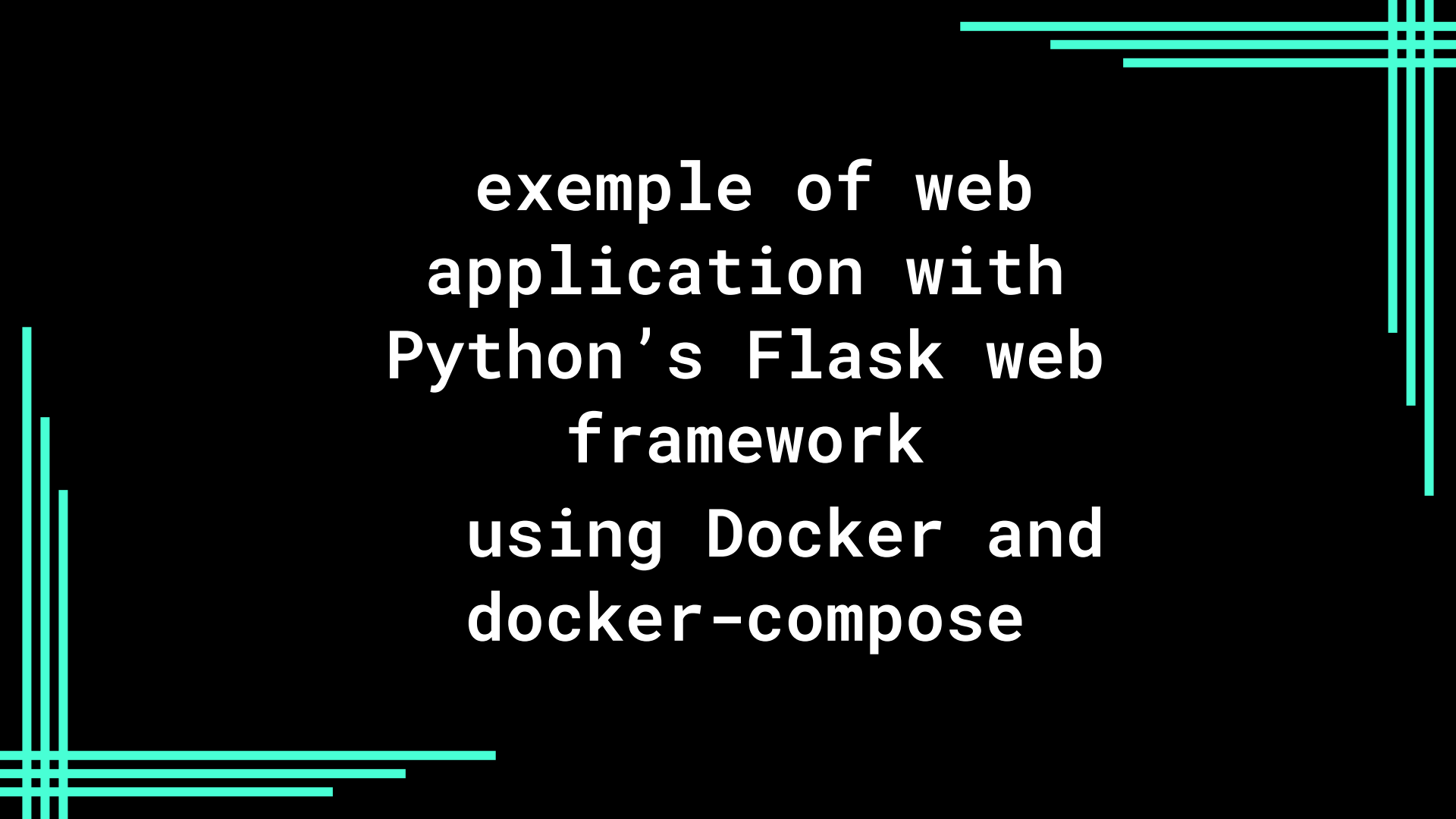


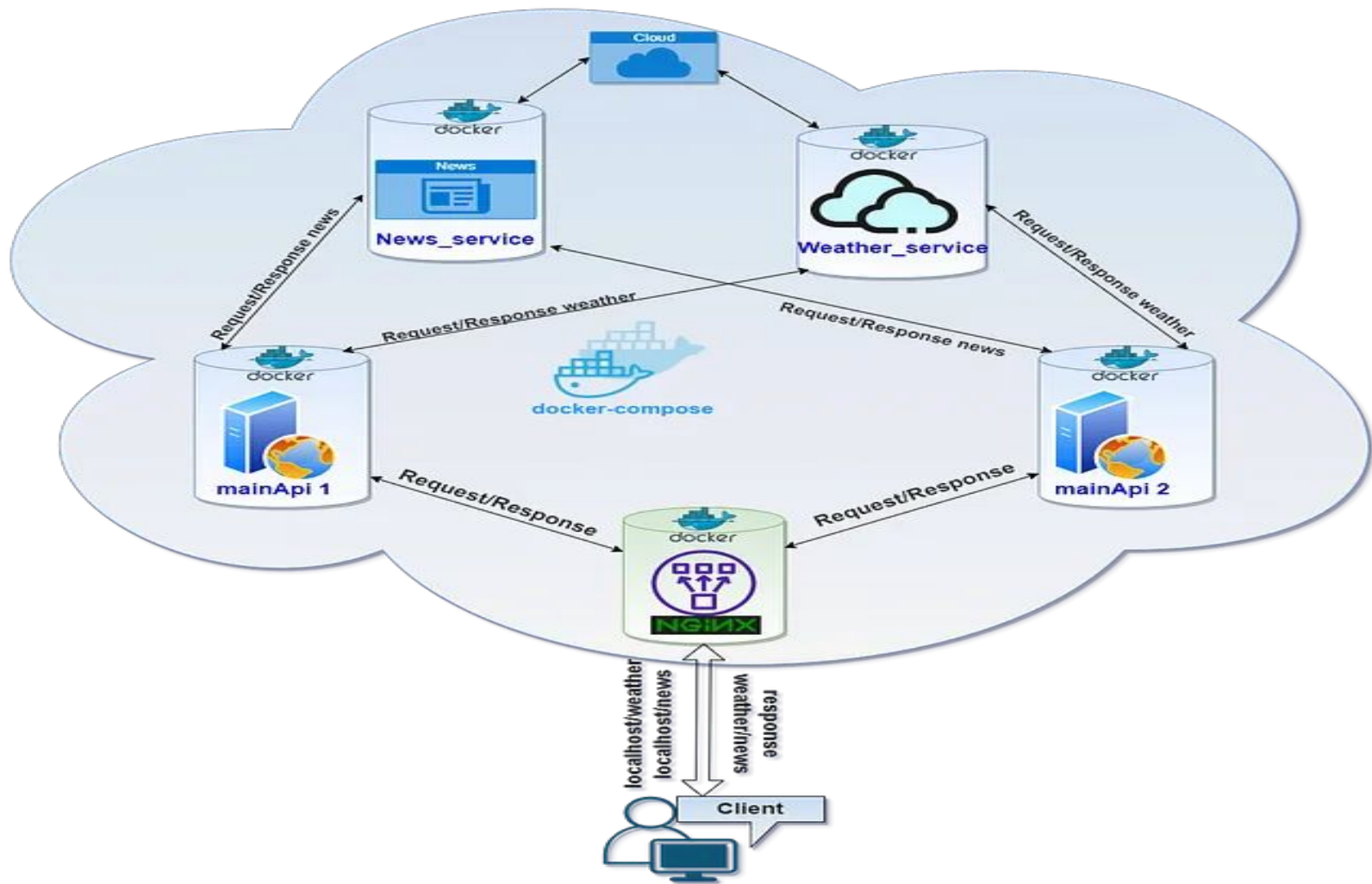
The image features a black background with decorative cyan lines in the corners. In the top right, there are several horizontal and vertical lines of varying lengths that intersect to form a grid-like pattern. In the bottom left, there are also horizontal and vertical cyan lines, some of which are thicker and more prominent, creating a similar but less dense grid pattern.

example of web
application with
Python's Flask web
framework
using Docker and
docker-compose

what is this project about ?

The main goal of this project is to demonstrate how to build, test, and deploy microservices-based web applications using containerization tools like Docker and Docker Compose.

The project consists of two microservices: news and weather. The news service provides an API endpoint to fetch the latest news headlines from various news sources using the NewsAPI. The weather service provides an API endpoint to fetch the current weather information for a given city using the OpenWeatherMap API. + image



Tools used

Flask

is a lightweight and flexible web framework for Python that is used to build web applications. It provides a simple and easy-to-use interface for handling web requests and generating responses. Flask is often used to build RESTful APIs and web services.

Docker

is a containerization platform that allows developers to package their applications and dependencies into portable containers. Containers provide a way to run applications consistently across different environments, which helps to ensure that the application behaves the same way in development, testing, and production. Docker containers can be easily deployed to cloud platforms like AWS, Azure, and Google Cloud.

Docker-compose

is used to define and run multi-container Docker applications. The `docker-compose.yml` file defines the services that make up the application, including the News and Weather services, their respective databases, and the NGINX reverse proxy.

Postman

is a popular API development tool that allows developers to create, test, and document APIs easily.

Steps followed

1)Creating flask services

master_assistant.py

The `"/weather"` route expects a query parameter called `"city"`, retrieves it from the request object using `request.args.get('city')`, and sends a GET request to a separate service (which must be running on the network at address `"weather:3002"`) to retrieve the current weather for the specified city. The response from the weather service is returned to the client in JSON format.

The `"/news"` route expects a query parameter called `"country"`, retrieves it from the request object using `request.args.get('country')`, and sends a GET request to another separate service (which must be running on the network at address `"news:3003"`) to retrieve the latest news headlines for the specified country. The response from the news service is also returned to the client in JSON format.

If the `"city"` or `"country"` query parameters are not in the expected format (either an invalid string or a number), an error message is returned to the client.

master_assistant.py - archiProject - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

EXPLORER

ARCHIPROJECT

- > .history
- > .vscode
- > anotherproj
- > python_service
 - docker-compose.yml
 - Dockerfile
 - Dockerfile.bpmn
 - Dockerfile.news
 - Dockerfile.nginx
 - Dockerfile.weather
 - master_assistant.py
 - news.py
 - nginx.conf
 - requirements.txt
 - weather.py

Run and Debug (Ctrl+Shift+D)

Text Editor

- > OUTLINE
- > TIMELINE
- > CHECKPOINTS
- > HIDDEN ITEMS
- > LOCAL HISTORY

python_service > master_assistant.py > ...

```
1 from flask import Flask, request
2 from flask_restful import Api
3 import requests
4
5 app = Flask(__name__)
6 api = Api(app)
7
8 @app.route('/weather')
9 def weather():
10     city = request.args.get('city')
11     if city.isdigit():
12         res = "City name must be string e.g. 'Amsterdam, Berlin'"
13         return res
14     response = requests.get("http://weather:3002/weather?city="+ city)
15     return response.json()
16
17 @app.route('/news')
18 def news():
19     country_name = request.args.get('country')
20     if country_name.isdigit() or len(country_name) > 2 :
21         resp = "Country name must be string. Choose from below: \n\nThe 2-letter ISO 3166-1 code of the country you want to get head
22         return resp
23     response = requests.get("http://news:3003/news?country="+ country_name)
24     return response.json()
25
26 if __name__ == '__main__':
27     app.run(host="0.0.0.0",port=3001,debug=True,threaded=True)
```

1)Creating flask services

news.py

The code creates an instance of the Flask application and an instance of the API using the Flask instance. It then defines a route '/news' that accepts GET requests.

Inside the news function, the code gets the country name from the query string using the request.args.get() method. It then constructs a URL to request news articles from the NewsAPI service using the country name and the NewsAPI API key.

After that, it sends an HTTP GET request to the constructed URL using the requests module, and returns the JSON response from the NewsAPI service using response.json().

news.py - archiProject - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

EXPLORER

ARCHIPROJECT

- > .history
- > .vscode
- > anotherproj
- > python_service
 - > __pycache__
 - bpmn.py
 - docker-compose.yml
 - Dockerfile
 - Dockerfile.bpmn
 - Dockerfile.news
 - Dockerfile.nginx
 - Dockerfile.weather
 - master_assistant.py
 - news.py
 - nginx.conf
 - requirements.txt
 - weather.py

BlackBox

- > OUTLINE
- > TIMELINE
- > CHECKPOINTS
- > HIDDEN ITEMS
- > LOCAL HISTORY

python_service > news.py > ...

```
1 from flask import Flask, request
2 from flask_restful import Api
3 import json
4 import requests
5
6 app = Flask(__name__)
7 api = Api(app)
8
9 @app.route('/news')
10 def news():
11     country_name = request.args.get('country')
12     api_key = "70dcd1c6a0d24ebdb57ff071ff9b8ddc"
13     base_url = "http://newsapi.org/v2/top-headlines?"
14     complete_url = base_url + "country=" + country_name + "&apiKey=" + api_key
15     response = requests.get(complete_url)
16     return response.json()
17
18 if __name__ == '__main__':
19     app.run(host="0.0.0.0", port='3003', threaded=True, debug=True)
```

1)Creating flask services

weather.py

single route `'/weather'` that retrieves the current weather data for a specified city using the OpenWeatherMap API. It uses the request module to get the city name from the query parameters of the request URL. The OpenWeatherMap API key is stored in a variable called `api_key` and the base URL for the API is stored in `base_url`. These values are used to construct a complete URL for the API request which is then made using the `requests.get()` method. The JSON response from the API is returned as the response from the route. Finally, the `__name__` variable is used to check if the script is being run directly and the Flask app is run on the local host at port 3002 with debug mode enabled.

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

EXPLORER

ARCHPROJECT

> .history
> .vscode

Source Control (Ctrl+Shift+G)

python_service

> __pycache__

bpmn.py

docker-compose.yml

Dockerfile

Dockerfile.bpmn

Dockerfile.news

Dockerfile.nginx

Dockerfile.weather

master_assistant.py

news.py

nginx.conf

requirements.txt

weather.py

IntelliJ IDEA Edu

> OUTLINE

> TIMELINE

> CHECKPOINTS

> HIDDEN ITEMS

> LOCAL HISTORY

python_service > weather.py > ...

```
1 from flask import Flask, request
2 from flask_restful import Api
3 import json
4 import requests
5
6 app = Flask(__name__)
7 api = Api(app)
8
9 @app.route('/weather')
10 def weather():
11     city_name = request.args.get('city')
12     api_key = "deb96cff96df7c74e93e62661b91c3c2"
13     base_url = "http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?"
14     complete_url = base_url + "appid=" + api_key + "&q=" + city_name
15     response = requests.get(complete_url)
16     return response.json()
17
18 if __name__ == '__main__':
19     app.run(host="0.0.0.0", port='3002', threaded=True, debug=True)
```

what is RESTful API?

RESTful API (Representational State Transfer) is a popular architectural style used for designing web services that communicate over HTTP. It defines a set of constraints and principles that developers should follow when creating APIs to enable client-server communication. RESTful APIs use HTTP methods like GET, POST, PUT, and DELETE to perform CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on resources, which can be represented in various formats such as JSON, XML, or plain text.

2)Building Nginx server

setting up a load-balanced web server to handle incoming traffic and distribute it to multiple Python services running on different servers.

2)Dockerize everything

We will create the Dockerfiles for our services.

create Docker images for the News and Weather services as well as an Nginx reverse proxy.

Dockerfile.news:

It starts with a Python 3.8 slim-buster base image.

Copies the requirements.txt file to install the necessary dependencies for the News service.

Installs the dependencies using pip.

Exposes port 3003.

Copies the news.py file.

Sets the command to run the news.py file.

Dockerfile.weather:

It starts with a Python 3.8 slim-buster base image.

Copies the requirements.txt file to install the necessary dependencies for the Weather service.

Installs the dependencies using pip.

Exposes port 3002.

Copies the weather.py file.

Sets the command to run the weather.py file.

Dockerfile.nginx:

It starts with an Nginx base image.

Deletes the default Nginx configuration file.

Copies the custom Nginx configuration file named "nginx.conf" to the image.

what is image?

In Docker, an image is a lightweight, standalone, and executable package that includes everything needed to run a piece of software, including the code, runtime, libraries, environment variables, and system tools.

Docker images are built from a set of instructions called a Dockerfile, which specifies the application's dependencies, configuration, and other details.

4) Docker-compose

Docker-compose creates a container with our Nginx server, a container for each of the news and weather services and two instances of our main Api master(server).

requirements.txt - archProject - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

EXPLORER

ARCHPROJECT

- > .history
- > .vscode
- > anotherproj
- > python_service
 - > __pycache__
 - docker-compose.yml
 - Dockerfile
 - Dockerfile.news
 - Dockerfile.nginx
 - Dockerfile.weather
 - master_assistant.py
 - news.py
 - nginx.conf
 - requirements.txt
 - weather.py

python_service > requirements.txt

```
6 Flask==1.1.2
7 Flask-Login==1.5.0
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL SQL CONSOLE COMMENTS

```
--> 5a074d54c853
Step 6/6 : CMD python news.py
--> Running in 612f720ba379
Removing intermediate container 612f720ba379
--> ae0aa488c815
Successfully built ae0aa488c815
Successfully tagged python_service_news:latest
Recreating python_service_master_1 ... done
Recreating python_service_master_2 ... done
Recreating python_service_news_1 ... done
Recreating python_service_weather_1 ... done
Recreating nginx ... done
Attaching to python_service_weather_1, python_service_news_1, python_service_master_1, python_service_master_2, nginx

master_2 * Serving Flask app "master_assistant" (lazy loading)
master_2 * Environment: production
master_2 WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
master_2 Use a production WSGI server instead.
master_2 * Debug mode: on
master_2 * Running on http://0.0.0.0:3001/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
master_2 * Restarting with stat
master_2 * Debugger is active!
master_2 * Debugger PIN: 223-154-733
news_1 * Serving Flask app "news" (lazy loading)
news_1 * Environment: production
news_1 WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
news_1 Use a production WSGI server instead.
news_1 * Debug mode: on
news_1 * Running on http://0.0.0.0:3003/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
news_1 * Restarting with stat
news_1 * Debugger is active!
news_1 * Debugger PIN: 397-220-772
master_1 * Serving Flask app "master_assistant" (lazy loading)
master_1 * Environment: production
master_1 WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
master_1 Use a production WSGI server instead.
master_1 * Debug mode: on
master_1 * Running on http://0.0.0.0:3001/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
master_1 * Restarting with stat
master_1 * Debugger is active!
master_1 * Debugger PIN: 321-543-937
```

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-G2:~/
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iProje
ct/pyt
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Desko
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ine-HP
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```

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activ
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* De
bugge
r PIN
: 223
-154-
937
```

```
[x] sudo pyt...
[ ] bash pyt...
[ ] sudo pyt...
[ ] sudo pyt...
```

requirements.txt - archiProject - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

EXPLORER

ARCHIPROJECT

- > .history
- > .vscode
- > anotherproj
- > python_service
 - > __pycache__
 - docker-compose.yml
 - Dockerfile
 - Dockerfile.news
 - Dockerfile.nginx
 - Dockerfile.weather
 - master_assistant.py
 - news.py
 - nginx.conf
 - requirements.txt
 - weather.py

- > OUTLINE
- > TIMELINE
- > CHECKPOINTS
- > HIDDEN ITEMS
- > LOCAL HISTORY

python_service > requirements.txt

```
6 Flask==1.1.2
7 flask-logging==1.5.0
```

PROBLEMS

OUTPUT

DEBUG CONSOLE

TERMINAL

SQL CONSOLE

COMMENTS

```
t.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d /20-environment.sh
t.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d /30-tune-worker-process.sh
t.sh: Configuring /docker-entrypoint.sh
```

```
/docker-entrypoint.sh: ready for start up
```

```
yasmin@yasmin-HP-470-G2:~/Desktop/archiProject/python_service$ sudo docker logs python_service_master_1 -f
[sudo] password for yasmin:
* Serving Flask app "master_assistant" (lazy loading)
* Environment: production
  WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
  Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Debug mode: on
* Running on http://0.0.0.0:3001/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
* Restarting with stat
* Debugger is active!
* Debugger PIN: 321-543-937
```

```
yasmin@yasmin-HP-470-G2:~/Desktop/archiProject/python_service$ sudo docker logs python_service_master_1 -f
[sudo] password for yasmin:
* Serving Flask app "master_assistant" (lazy loading)
* Environment: production
  WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
  Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Debug mode: on
* Running on http://0.0.0.0:3001/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
* Restarting with stat
* Debugger is active!
* Debugger PIN: 321-543-937
```

yasmin@yasmin-HP-470-G2:~/Desktop/archiProject/python_service\$ sudo docker logs python_service_master_1 -f

```
Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Debug mode: on
* Running on http://0.0.0.0:3001/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
* Restarting with stat
* Debugger is active!
* Debugger PIN: 321-543-937
```

```
Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Debug mode: on
* Running on http://0.0.0.0:3001/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
* Restarting with stat
* Debugger is active!
* Debugger PIN: 321-543-937
```


EXPLORER ... requirements.txt X news.py nginx.conf Dockerfile Dockerfile.news Dockerfile.weather Dockerfile.nginx docker-compose.yml

≡ requirements.txt ✕

 [news.py](#)

⚙️ **nginx.conf**

Dockerfile

 Dockerfile.news

🐳 Dockerfile.weather

🐳 Dockerfile.nginx

🐳 docker-compose.yml



```
python service > ≡ requirements.txt
```

6 Flask==1.1.2

```
7 Flask-Jsonpify==1.5.0
```

```
8 TASK-REQUESTS==0.0.
9 FLIGHT-REQUESTS=0.0.0
```

```
9 Flask_RESTful==0.3.0
10 FlaskAlchemy==2
```

```
11 idna==2.10
```

```
12     itsdangerous==1.1.0
```

```
13 Jinja2==2.11.2
```

```
14 MarkupSafe==1.1.1
```

```
15  pampy==0.3.0
```

```
16 pytz==2020.4
```

```
17 requests==2.25.1
```

18 $S_{1X} = -1.13.0$

```
19  SQLAlchemy==1.5.20
20  urllib3==1.26.3
```

```
21 Workzone=-1 0 1
```

Create Environment...

PROBLEMS

OUTPUT

DEBUG CONSOLE

TERMINAL

SOL CONSOLE

COMMENTS

```
> sudo - python service
```

```
o yasmine@yasmine-HP-ProBook-4740-G2-~/Desktop/archiProject/python_service$ sudo docker-compose up --build --scale master=2
[sudo] password for yasmine:
/snap/docker/2746/lib/python3.6/site-packages/paramiko/transport.py:32: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 3.6 is no longer supported by the Python core team. Therefore, support for it is deprecated in cryptography. The next release of cryptography (40.0) will be the last to support Python 3.6.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends import default_backend
Building master
Sending build context to Docker daemon  15.36kB
Step 1/6 : FROM python:3.8-slim-buster
--> 8177e4b7168c
Step 2/6 : COPY requirements.txt .
--> 8e350dfa96eb
Step 3/6 : RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
--> Running in 3ef852a6717e
Collecting aniso8601==8.1.0
```

> TIMELINE

> CHECKPO

> HIDDEN ITEMS

LOCAL HISTORY

File Edit View Help

← → Home Workspaces ▾ API Network ▾ Explore

Search Postman



Invite



Upgrade



Overview

GET http://weather:3002/w

GET http://localhost/weath

+ ...

No Environment



Collections



Environments



History



http://localhost/weather?city=amsterdam

Save



</>

GET

http://localhost/weather?city=amsterdam

Send

Params

Authorization

Headers (6)

Body

Pre-request Script

Tests

Settings

Cookies

Query Params

Key	Value	Description	...	Bulk Edit
☒ city	amsterdam			
Key	Value	Description		

Body

Cookies

Headers (5)

Test Results



Status: 200 OK

Time: 3.83 s

Size: 861 B



Save as Example

...

Pretty

Raw

Preview

Visualize

JSON



```
1  {
2    "base": "stations",
3    "clouds": {
4      "all": 0
5    },
6    "cod": 200,
7    "coord": {
8      "lat": 52.374,
9      "lon": 4.8897
10   },
11    "dt": 1682807577,
12    "id": 2759794,
13    "main": {
14      "feels_like": 279.52,
15      "humidity": 86,
16      "pressure": 1023,
17      "temp": 281.41,
```

what does that json file mean?

"base": "stations" - This specifies the source of the weather data.

"clouds": {"all": 20} - This gives information about the cloud cover. In this case, there are "few clouds" with a coverage of 20%.

"cod": 200 - This is the HTTP status code returned by the API, indicating a successful response.

"coord": {"lat": 52.374, "lon": 4.8897} - This provides the latitude and longitude of Amsterdam.

"dt": 1682782385 - This is the time of data calculation in Unix timestamp format.

"id": 2759794 - This is the ID of the city in OpenWeatherMap's database.

"main": {...} - This contains various temperature and pressure data. The "temp" field gives the current temperature in Kelvin, which is approximately 15 degrees Celsius.

"name": "Amsterdam" - This is the name of the city.

"sys": {...} - This contains various information about the location and time zone of Amsterdam.

"timezone": 7200 - This is the time zone offset in seconds from UTC.

"visibility": 10000 - This gives the visibility distance in meters.

"weather": [{...}] - This gives a description of the weather conditions in Amsterdam. In this case, there are "few clouds".

"wind": {...} - This gives information about the wind speed and direction in Amsterdam.

File Edit View Help

← → Home Workspaces API Network Explore

Search Postman



Invite



Upgrade



Overview

GET http://localhost/news?

GET http://localhost/weathe

+ ...

No Environment



Collections



Environments



History



Grid

http://localhost/news?country=gr



Save



GET

http://localhost/news?country=gr

Send

Params

Authorization

Headers (6)

Body

Pre-request Script

Tests

Settings

Cookies

Query Params

Key	Value	Description	...	Bulk Edit
☒ country	gr			
Key	Value	Description		

Body

Cookies

Headers (5)

Test Results



Status: 200 OK

Time: 2.04 s

Size: 20.51 KB



Save as Example



Pretty

Raw

Preview

Visualize

JSON



```
6      "description": "max",
7      "publishedAt": "2023-04-28T19:10:06Z",
8      "source": {
9        "id": "google-news",
10       "name": "Google News"
11     },
12     "title": "Στέλι Ντινάρτμενι: Εγκρίθηκε η παροχή δυο C-130 στην Ελλάδα - \\\"Κλειθώνουν\\\" τα F-35 - Capital.gr",
13     "url": "https://news.google.com/rss/articles/CBMie2h0dHBzOjI8vd3d3LmNhG10YWwuZ3IvZXBpa2Fpcm90aXRhLzMTI20DEvc3RlaxQ0tbnRpcGFydG11bnQtZWRmcm10aG1rZS1pLXBhcm94aS1kdW8tYy8xMzAtc3Rpb11bGxhZGeta2x1aWRvbm91bi10YS1mLT11L9IBhAFodHRwczovL3d3dy5jYXBpdGFsLmdyL2VwaWthaXJvdG10YS8zNzEyNjgxL3N0ZW10LW50aXBhcnRtZW50LWVna3JpdGhpa2UtaS1wYXJveGktZHVvLWMTMTMwLXN0aW4tZWxsYWRhLWtsZW1kb25vdW4tdGEtZi0zNS8_YW1wPXRydWU?oc=5",
14     "urlToImage": null
15   },
16   {
17     "author": "Newsbeast.gr",
18     "content": null,
19     "description": null,
20     "publishedAt": "2023-04-28T19:10:05Z",
```

Στέιτ Ντιπάρτμεντ: Εγκρί...

capital.gr/epikairoita/3712681/steit-ntipartment-egkrithike-i-paroxi-duo-c-130-stin-ellada-kleidonoun-ta-f-35/

Exercism practical-tutor... ashishpatel26... datacamp DEV DEV Community CS 188 Fall 202... CS231n: Deep... ChatGPT | Ope... cheat sheets ML/DL Home / Twitter



ΕΙΔΗΣΕΙΣ

ΠΟΛΙΤΙΚΗ

ΟΙΚΟΝΟΜΙΑ

ΕΠΙΧΕΙΡΗΣΕΙΣ

CS 188 Fall 2022 | Introduction to Artificial Intelligence at UC Berkeley
<https://inst.eecs.berkeley.edu/~cs188/fa22/>

ΑΓΟΡΕΣ

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ΕΠΙΚΑΙΡΟΤΗΤΑ

Παρασκευή, 28-Απρ-2023 22:10

Στέιτ Ντιπάρτμεντ: Εγκρίθηκε η παροχή δυο C-130 στην Ελλάδα – "Κλειδώνουν" τα F-35



manos-fr/News_Weather_Services_Python_Docker: The architecture of python microservices using Docker. Client -> Nginx -> mainApi -> microservices.. The respective service accepts the request, co...

(330) twenty one pilot x Python Flask scalable mic x https://auth0.openai.com x manos-fr/News_Weather x The Art of Web Service Co x +

< > ↻ ⌂ github.com/manos-fr/News_Weather_Services_Python_Docker

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bf52889 on Feb 15, 2022 23 commits

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📄 Dockerfile.news	add project files	2 years ago
📄 Dockerfile.nginx	added nginx load balancer for master_services, deployed with docker-c...	last year
📄 Dockerfile.weather	add project files	2 years ago
📄 README.md	Update README.md	last year
📄 client_weather_news_app.py	add project files	2 years ago
📄 docker-compose.yml	added nginx load balancer for master_services, deployed with docker-c...	last year
📄 master_assistant.py	add project files	2 years ago
📄 news.py	add project files	2 years ago
📄 nainx.conf	added nainx load balancer for master services. deployed with docker-c...	last year

About

The architecture of python microservices using Docker. Client -> Nginx -> mainApi -> microservices.. The respective service accepts the request, communicates with the database and returns the result to the main api and then to the client.

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