Past Simple

We use the Past Simple to talk about actions and situations in the past. The actions and situations are finished.

My hair was red when I was a girl, but it's grey now.

to be

0	: I/He/She/It was	We/You/They were
0	I/He/She/It wasn't (was not)	We/You/They weren't (were not)
0	Was I/he/she/it?	Were we/you/they?
in the second	Yes, I/he/she/it was.	Yes, we/you/they were.
	No, I/he/she/it wasn't.	No, we/you/they weren't.

She was tired last night.

They weren't at the cinema yesterday.

Was Karin at the office on Monday? No, she wasn't.

Were the musicians good? Yes, they were.

Where were you last night? I was at home.

Regular verbs: positive

Make the Past Simple of most regular verbs by adding *-ed* to the verb.

 $work \rightarrow work$ **ed**, $watch \rightarrow watch$ **ed**, $listen \rightarrow listen$ **ed** Note the spelling rules:

Verbs that end in	Rule	Examples
-е	add -d	liv ed , chang ed
consonant + -y	remove -y and add -ied	stud ied, carr ied
one vowel + consonant	repeat consonant and add -ed	plan ned, stop ped

Negative

Did + not + infinitive

The tourists did not visit all the museums.

In informal English, we use the contracted form didn't.

They didn't work in restaurants.

Questions

Wh- questions

Wh- word + did + subject pronoun + infinitive

When did you finish work yesterday?

Yes/No questions

Did + noun/subject pronoun + infinitive

Did you study at university?

Short answers

Yes, I/he/she/it/we/you/they did. No, I/he/she/it/we/you/they didn't. **Did** you **study** at university? Yes, I **did**.

Irregular verbs

Many common verbs in English have an irregular past form, i.e. they do not end in *-ed* in the past.

have → had We had a lovely meal in the

restaurant.

go → went Sara went to Amsterdam on a

weekend break.

take → took Paul took a lot of photos in India.

 $see \rightarrow saw$ | saw the Mona Lisa when I went to

Paris.

There are no general rules for the formation of the Past Simple of irregular verbs. See page 149 for a list of irregular Past Simple forms.

These verbs are irregular only in the positive. They form the negative and questions like regular verbs, with *did* + the infinitive.

Key vocabulary

Places in/near a town/city

airport (art) gallery bank bar building bus station café cinema factory hospital hostel hotel library market museum park post office power station restaurant school station

Shops

bookshop chemist's clothes shop department store jeweller's newsagent's shoe shop shopping centre stationer's supermarket

Time expressions

(two years) ago

in 1809

in the 1960s and 70s

in the nineteenth century

in those days

last night/week/month/year

last (Sunday) morning/afternoon/evening yesterday



Listen to these words.

ACTIVE BOOK



see Writing bank page 140